## Christof Tisch

## MOSAX

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# A brain-teaser with dice for 1 to 4 players aged 8 years and up. 

 Duration: about 20 minutes
## Contents

- 4 washable boards (You can wipe them with a dry cloth.)
- 4 symbol dice • 4 pens • 1 set of playing instructions


## Aim of the game

In turns, one player rolls the four dice, arranges a formation with them and all players fill the symbols of this formation in the grid of their board. Players try to assemble numerous areas with as many spaces of the same symbol as possible in order to get the most points at the end of the game.

## Preparations (2 to 4 players)

Each player receives a pen and a board. Use the coloured side of the board. Determine a starting player who takes the four dice and begins.

## How to play

## 1. Roll the dice and arrange them

The player whose turn it is rolls the four dice. Then he arranges the dice so that all four dice are connected. He can freely choose the arrangement of the symbols. The player can build one of the following formations (illustration without the symbols):




## 2. Fill in the symbols

Now, all players fill the displayed symbols in their board's grid. In doing so, they have to observe the following rules:

- The formation of the displayed symbols on the dice must remain the same.
Example: cast of dice board

- Players may fill the symbols in any place of the grid. They do not have to be connected with other symbols.
- While filling in the symbols, players may also rotate the formation. To keep track of things, they turn the dice formation or their board. Example: cast of dice rotated through $90^{\circ}$ board

- Players are not forced to fill in all the symbols, if the formation is
arranged so that some symbols jut over the grid's margin.
Example: cast of dice

- It is not allowed to fill in a formation if a symbol would have to be entered into a space that is already occupied.
Example: cast of dice


For each symbol, players count the number of areas that consist of at least 5 spaces. They fill the number of areas in the first column of the scoring table. Then they count the total number of spaces in these areas and fill it in the second column. Spaces in areas consisting of less than 5 spaces are not considered.
Players multiply the number of areas with the total number of spaces and add up the three symbols' results. The player with the highest overall score wins the game.

Final result


Scoring


## 1 Variation for a single player

Use the grey back of one board and observe the rules for the basic game. However, you may only leave out dice on the board's margin eight times. Whenever you do not fill in one to three symbols, you cross out one space of the solo scale above the grid for each symbol ( $\Delta>$ of a formation, if there is still an equivalent number of spaces on the scale. When all spaces of the scale are crossed out, you must always fill in all symbols. If this is not possible any more, the game is over. You may also end the game anytime. You score points according to the basic rules. In addition, each empty space of the solo scale is worth 1 point. (These points are filled in this scoring space $8 \square$ and added up with the other points.)
From 120 points on, the solo game is won. And 130 points are really super!

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